

CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE

OCTOBER 2019 LEGISLATION DOCKET



October 2019 Legislation

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A Resolution to Restrict the Production of Vape Pens

	AR	esolution to Restrict the Production of Vape Pens
1	WHEREAS,	The United States Federal Government should start imposing fines to
2		companies that produce Vape Pens; and
3	WHEREAS,	Vape or "hash oil" pens are a type of vaporizer designed specifically to
4		vaporize cannabis distillates and oils; and
5	WHEREAS,	Vape Pens have been proven to not be the "safe alternative" to
6		cigarettes they were originally promoted as; and
7	WHEREAS,	Other countries, such as China, have already imposed sanctions on the
8		production and sale of Vape Pens; and
9	WHEREAS,	Using a Vape Pen raises your blood pressure and spikes your adrenaline,
10		which increases your heart rate and the likelihood of having a heart
11		attack; and
12	WHEREAS,	There are many unknowns about vaping, including what chemicals make
13		up the vapor and how they affect physical health over the long term;
14		now, therefore, be it
15	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that United States Federal Government
16		should start imposing fines to companies that produce Vape Pens that
17		can be used for None-Vape Liquid Use.
	Introduced fo	or Congressional Debate by the National Speech & Debate Association

A Resolution to Create a Standardized Voter ID System

	A Re	solution to Create a Standardized Voter ID System
1	WHEREAS,	The United States Federal Government should Create a more
2		Standardized Voter ID system; and
3	WHEREAS,	A voter ID law is a law that requires a person to show some form of
4		identification on election day; and
5	WHEREAS,	In many jurisdictions requiring voter IDs, voters who do not have photo
6		ID often must sign a Challenged Voter Affidavit in order to receive a ballot
7		to vote; and
8	WHEREAS,	There still exists a lack of clear communication about what qualifies as a
9		Voter ID and where individuals can obtain these IDs; and
10	WHEREAS,	A total of 35 states have laws requesting or requiring voters to show
11		some form of identification at the polls, meaning an inequity exists across
12		states; and
13	WHEREAS,	This inequitable system limits the ability for individuals to fully participate
14		in the election process; now, therefore, be it
15	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that The United States Federal
16		Government should Create a more Standardized Voter ID system by the
17		2024 Presidential Election Cycle.
	Introduced fo	or Congressional Debate by the National Speech & Debate Association

A Resolution to Increase TSA Funding

		A Resolution to Increase TSA Funding
1	WHEREAS,	The Transportation Security Administration is an agency of the U.S.
2		Department of Homeland Security that has authority over the security of
3		the traveling public in the United States; and
4	WHEREAS,	Chiefly concerned with air travel, the TSA employs screening officers in
5		airports, armed Federal Air Marshals on planes, and mobile teams of dog
6		handlers and explosives specialists; and
7	WHEREAS,	For fiscal year 2018, the TSA had a budget of roughly \$7.6 billion, roughly
8		the same budget as fiscal year 2012.; and
9	WHEREAS,	Part of the TSA budget comes from a \$2.50 per-passenger tax that has
10		been in place since 2012.; and
11	WHEREAS,	The Obama administration had proposed tripling this fee by 2019, with
12		most of the increase going to reduce the national debt; and
13	WHEREAS,	The TSA projects that without a budget increase there will be more safety
14		and travel concerns moving forward do to the drastic increase in
15		individuals flying over the past five years; now, therefore, be it
16	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that The United States Federal
17		Government increase TSA funding by 20% by 2022.
	Introduced fo	or Congressional Debate by the National Speech & Debate Association

A Resolution to Increase National School Lunch Program Funding

A Resolution to Increase National School Lunch Program Funding

1	WHEREAS,	The National School Lunch Program (NSLP) is a federally assisted meal
2		program operating in public and nonprofit private schools and residential
3		child care institutions; and
4	WHEREAS,	The program was established under the National School Lunch Act,
5		signed by President Harry Truman in 1946; and
6	WHEREAS,	Participating school districts and independent schools receive cash
7		subsidies and USDA Foods for each reimbursable meal they serve. In
8		exchange, NSLP institutions must serve lunches that meet
9		Federal meal pattern requirements; and
10	WHEREAS,	The NSLP helps serve school lunches to 29.8 million students each day,
11		including: 20.2 million free lunches; and
12	WHEREAS,	In the 2016-2017 school year, the cost of preparing and serving school
13		lunches increased to \$4.30 per lunch and only continues to rise.; and
14	WHEREAS,	NSLP's \$13.8 billion dollar budget has resulted in a decrease in program
15		participation due to a lack of funds; now, therefore, be it
16	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that The United States Federal
17		Government increase NSLP funding by 10% by the start of the 2020-2021
18		school year.

A Resolution to Increase NASA Funding

A Resolution to Increase NASA Funding

1	WHEREAS,	The legislation, which funds the federal government through September
2		30th, 2019, would give NASA \$21.5 billion (0.5% of the National Budget);
3		and
4	WHEREAS,	While this is an increase over previous years and more than NASA
5		requested, there have still been cutbacks to research within NASA
6		operations; and
7	WHEREAS,	Since its creation in 1958, NASA has contributed to the advancement of
8		space-related industries that have a broad impact on our daily lives; and
9	WHEREAS,	These advancements range from changes in the technology sector to
10		advancements in manufacturing and other areas; and
11	WHEREAS,	Without allowing NASA's budget to continue to meet growing demands
12		we will limit the work and economic growth that NASA has helped
13		establish since the development of NASA; now, therefore, be it
14	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that The United States Federal
15		Government increase NASA funding by 3% each year for the foreseeable
16		future, start with the FY 2020 budget.

A Resolution to Increase Public Transportation Funding

1	WHEREAS,	Public transport is a system of transport for passengers by group travel
2		systems available for use by the public, typically managed on a schedule,
3		operated on established routes, and that charge a posted fee for each
4		trip; and
5	WHEREAS,	All public transport runs on infrastructure, either on roads, rail, airways
6		or seaways. The infrastructure can be shared with other modes, freight
7		and private transport, or it can be dedicated to public transport; and
8	WHEREAS,	The major problem facing most Public Transportation systems is they do
9		not currently meet the demands of the individuals they are serving; and
10	WHEREAS,	The United States Federal Government subsidizes Public Transportation,
11		but this still allows major gaps in quality and effectiveness to exist
12		nationwide; and
13	WHEREAS,	Other nations using a Governmental run and regulated Public
14		Transportation program see far fewer negative implications across their
15		Public Transportation systems; now, therefore, be it
16	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that The United States Federal
17		Government shall increase Public Transportation funding by 10% to
18		create a more unified and functional system nationwide.

A Resolution to End Coal Mining in the United States

A Resolution to End Coal Mining in the United States

1	WHEREAS,	Coal has become an outdated energy source; and
2	WHEREAS,	Production in 2017 was down 33% from the peak production of 1,162.7
3		million tons (about 1054.8 million metric tons) in 2006.; and
4	WHEREAS,	Employment of 50,000 coal miners is down from a peak of 883,000 in
5		1923; and
6	WHEREAS,	In 2015, four publicly traded US coal companies filed for Chapter
7		11 bankruptcy protection; and
8	WHEREAS,	By January 2016, more than 25% of coal production was in bankruptcy in
9		the United States; and
10	WHEREAS,	The United States already invests heavily in new, safer, and more
11		sustainable energy sources; now, therefore, be it
12	RESOLVED,	By the Congress here assembled that the United States Federal
13		Government will require all coal mining to cease in the United States by
14		the end of 2020.

A Bill to Increase Government Funding for Alternative Energy

A Bill to Increase Government Funding for Alternative Energy BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: SECTION 1. The United States Federal Government needs to increase funding to Alternative Energy research and production by 10%.

4 **SECTION 2**. Alternative Energy refers to Biomass Energy, Wind Energy, Solar Energy,

5 Geothermal Energy, Hydroelectric Energy sources.

SECTION 3. The US Department of Energy will oversee the enforcement of the bill
 along with the United States Federal Government imposing a strict code
 of funding.

- A. Funding for new methods of research or production will receive
 primary attention with regards to funding.
- B. The US Department of Energy will ensure all current funding is being
 used responsibly.
- C. All funding not producing valid results will be cut from the budget at
 the end of each fiscal year.
- 15 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall be put into place at the start of the 2021 fiscal year
- 16 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Require Life Skills be Taught in United States Public Schools

A Bill to Require Life Skills be Taught in United States Public Schools

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- SECTION 1. The US Department of Education shall require life skills courses be taught
 in all public schools.
- 4 **SECTION 2**. Life Skills Course refer to Life skills are classes that teach the student
- abilities such as leadership, social skills, money, and skills such as cooking
 and paying taxes.
- 7 SECTION 3. The US Department of Education that will oversee the enforcement of
- 8 the bill along with a funding and fines system for schools not in
- 9 compliance.
- A. The first violation from any school not incorporating these courses will
 result in a 10% decrease in governmental funding.
- B. Each subsequent violation will result in an additional 10% of funding
- being lost until these courses are added into the school curriculum.
- 14 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall go into effect for the start of the 2022-2023 school year.
- 15 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Create a National Tobacco Tax to Address the National Debt

A Bill to Create a National Tobacco Tax to Address the National Debt

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1.** The United States Department of Health and The United States Federal
- 3 Government must create a stricter and nationwide standard tobacco tax
- 4 of \$2.00 per 20-pack of cigarettes.
- 5 SECTION 2. Each state has a cigarette (tobacco) tax is levied in addition to the

6 federal tax rate of \$1.0066 per 20-pack of cigarettes.

- 7 **SECTION 3.** The United States Department of Health that will oversee the
- 8 enforcement of the bill along with the penalties associated with
- 9 violations.
- 10 A. The first violation from any state not using this new tax level will result
- in a 5% decrease in governmental funding to that state
- B. Each subsequent violation will result in an additional 10% of funding

being lost until this new tax level is implemented.

- 14 **SECTION 4.** The new Tobacco Tax must be in place by the start of the 2021 fiscal year.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. Introduced for Congressional Debate by the National Speech & Debate Association